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Many leisurely activities are viewed as sports, so you may wonder – is hiking a sport? After all, if golf makes the cut, you might think hiking would be too!

Hiking is not considered a sport because it is a recreational, non-competitive activity.

Additionally, the lack of spectators and competitors further differentiates it from other recognized forms of sport.

The long answer gets a bit more complicated.

While most physical activities fall into the black-and-white categories of sports vs. non-sports, hiking is one of the few that lingers in the gray areas in between.

This isn't helped by the fact that the word 'sports' has varying definitions.

Pinning down an exact definition and deciding whether hiking is a sport or not has come down to personal opinion.

Many hikers will fight to classify it as a sport, while outsiders tend to disagree!Definitions

Turning to the official definitions of sports and hiking should offer a valid solution, but

unfortunately, the terms are either too loosely defined or don't have enough consistency to make the decision!Sports

What exactly are sports?

Taking all of the definitions into account, a sport boils down to:

Being of a competitive nature

Requires a decent amount of physical effort

Takes skill in order to compete effectively.

Needs a level of entertainment for viewers

Since the beginning of time, sports and similar events were designed just as much for the audience's enjoyment as it was for the players.

As you can see, the common factors are so vague and different that deciding whether hiking effectively counts as a sport is impossible!

In some cases, sports need to be a competitive and skillful activity; in others, it just needs to be physical and fun.

Hiking

Hiking has a more consistent definition, but the wording seems to imply that this is a leisure activity or exercise instead of a full sport.

Each definition defines hiking as a long walk or a march for pleasure, with only a single definition stating that it is also an exercise or military training.

There's no mention of the level of skill or any form of competition.

The technical definitions for hiking don't have much variation, but anyone who has put a decent amount of time and effort into hiking may consider the activity in a completely different light. Few aspects of hiking seem to fall into the same category as most sports, but there's still room for debate.

Pro-Sport Argument

There are a couple of common arguments that those fighting to identify hiking as a sport use to prove their point.

Physical Exertion

Sports do tend to require a higher-than-normal physical ability if you want to excel in them, and the same can be said of hiking.

Depending on the trail and duration of a hike, it can be a better workout than some actual sports.

Sports require more than just a physical intensity.

Unfortunately, just being physically demanding doesn't mean it's a sport.

Going to the gym or being a construction worker are also both physically taxing, but neither is a sport.

You Can Race!

Another common point is that racing against another person on a hike adds the competitive aspect that appears to have been lacking.

Racing on a trail is absolutely a sport, but it's no longer hiking.

Once the speed amps up and a form of competitiveness is added, it becomes the trail running sport.

This is a widely accepted sport, but despite the similarities to hiking, it is a different activity.

There's Skill Involved

Anyone can play sports, but it does take a certain level of skill to play them well.

Hiking is no different, and any hiker can tell you that the pros will fly by you on the trail with seemingly little to no effort.

(Un)fortunately, skill alone doesn't qualify an activity as a sport.

It takes skill to make artwork or create unique dishes in the kitchen, but neither are sports.

There are multiple levels to hiking, but that alone isn't enough to knock it out of the gray area.

Anti-Sport Argument

Just as the pro arguments have a certain amount of validity, the anti-sport views are also valid.

Much like the pro-arguments, each point can be somewhat turned around.

Lack Of Competition

A major aspect of most sports definitions is a competitive factor.

Whether it's between individual players or entire teams, sports thrive on the competition to drive the activity forward.

Hiking just isn't on that same level.

Versions of hiking do promote a bit of competition, such as trail running or mountain running.

Some races include hiking and camping across long paths like the Appalachian Trail, so there's potential for competitiveness.

It's More Recreational

Hiking can often be done alone and is often done as a way to admire nature or get some exercise as opposed to playing competitively.

Most hikers view it as a leisure activity and don't try to take it too seriously.

Some are willing to pour their heart and souls into taking their activities to the next level.

These athletes are blowing past others on hiking trails and attempting hikes that take days or weeks to complete while camping along the way.

Key Aspects Of Sports

There are little nuggets of truth to both sides of the argument.

If you were neutral before, you might still be struggling with which camp you want to stand-in.

Sports have four key aspects, and seeing where hiking falls into them may be enough to help you decide.

Physical Effort

Different sports have varying levels of physicality needed to succeed, but they all require some. Hiking is slower-paced than most, but its physical toll is on par with some of the hardest sports out there.

It's not an easy activity, so it could be considered a sport in this aspect.

Skill Level

There are levels to hiking and a clear gap between the pros and the newbies.

Skill levels are apparent in every activity known to man, and hiking is no exception.

Having a group of 'professionals' that can perform this activity better than most is a step in the correct direction.

Entertainment

Entertainment value isn't in most sports definitions, but it is a well-known factor that some may overlook.

Sports are a way for individuals or teams to see who is better at an activity, but it's also a way for others to be entertained by the competition.

Hiking simply doesn't offer any entertainment value.

Gorgeous views and fascinating wildlife aside, there isn't anything to see regarding the hiker's performance.

No matter how much you love hiking, no one stands on the sidelines (or sits on the couch) cheering you on.

Competition

There are hints and potential of competition hidden in hiking, but overall, it's not a competitive endeavor.

Any time hiking turns into some form of a race; it can classify as a different activity, such as trail running.

The competitive nature is consistent in sports, and hiking just doesn't have that factor.

Is Hiking a Sport: FAQs

Can hiking be considered a sport? Hiking can indeed be considered a sport as it involves physical exertion, endurance, and skill, requiring individuals to traverse various terrains and navigate challenging trails on foot.

Is a hiker an athlete? While hikers engage in physical activity and may possess athleticism, the term "athlete" typically refers to individuals participating in competitive sports, so a hiker is generally not categorized as an athlete in the traditional sense.

Is hiking a mountain sport? Although hiking often involves ascending mountains and can be physically demanding, it is not typically classified as a mountain sport like mountaineering or rock climbing, which entail specialized skills, equipment, and techniques for tackling steep slopes and technical routes.

Is Hiking a Sport or Hobby?

Hiking can be both a sport and a hobby, depending on how individuals approach it.

For some, hiking is pursued as a sport, where they engage in more challenging and competitive hikes, aiming to improve their performance, set records, or participate in organized events.

On the other hand, many people view hiking as a recreational activity or hobby, enjoying it for leisure, exploration, and the physical and mental well-being it provides.

Ultimately, you could say that whether hiking is considered a sport or a hobby is subjective and varies from person to person based on their personal goals, level of involvement, and the way they approach hiking!

Final Thoughts on Hiking

Hiking has enough factors going for it that it's in the gray area, but it still does NOT qualify as a sport.

It lacks too many points in its favor to join the ranks of other well-known and well-loved sports.

There's no denying the skill and physical ability that goes into excelling at hiking.

Clambering up a steep trail for hours is incredibly difficult, and any untrained hiker will realize that fact within a quarter-mile.

Sport or not, it takes genuine skill and physical prowess to excel as hikers - but that doesn't mean

you can earn an Olympic medal for tackling your next grueling trail.

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Supremo Tribunal de Israel ordena al Gobierno reclutar a judíos ultraortodoxos

El Tribunal Supremo de Israel ordenó al Gobierno que reclute a judíos ultraortodoxos en el ejército, lo que supone un revés para el primer ministro Benjamin Netanyahu que tiene el potencial de desintegrar su coalición gobernante.

El tribunal también ordenó al Gobierno que retire la financiación de cualquier escuela religiosa, o yeshivas, cuyos estudiantes no cumplan con las notificaciones de reclutamiento.

"El Gobierno quería distinguir a nivel de aplicación de la ley entre los individuos en función de su afiliación de grupo", dijo el tribunal en su fallo. "Se determinó que al hacerlo, el Gobierno dañó gravemente la primacía del derecho y el principio de que todos los individuos son iguales ante la ley."

Los judíos ultraortodoxos (o Haredi) han estado, de facto, exentos del servicio militar nacional obligatorio desde la fundación de Israel (los ciudadanos palestinos de Israel también están exentos). Los hombres ultraortodoxos pasan gran parte de sus primeros años fuera de la fuerza laboral, completamente dedicados al estudio religioso. Ven las yeshivas como fundamentales para la preservación del judaísmo, tan importantes para la defensa de Israel como el ejército.

La mayoría de los israelíes cree que los hombres ultraortodoxos deben prestar servicio militar, pero los partidos Haredi se han opuesto firmemente a los esfuerzos por revocar la exención del reclutamiento. El frágil gobierno de coalición de Netanyahu depende de dos partidos Haredi – United Torah Judaism y Shas – para gobernar. Ha estado tratando de impulsar una legislación a través del parlamento israelí, el Knesset, que consagre en la ley una exención del reclutamiento para los hombres Haredi.

La decisión se produce en un momento crítico para un país en guerra desde hace casi nueve meses y un primer ministro cuyo gobierno de extrema derecha perdió su fachada de solidaridad bélica este mes cuando Benny Gantz, un líder de la oposición, abandonó el gabinete de guerra de Netanyahu. Y aunque los jefes militares de Israel públicamente denuncian las escaseces de mano de obra, esta sentencia es poco probable que resulte en grandes números de hombres ultraortodoxos que se unan a las filas en cualquier momento pronto.

"La sentencia del Tribunal Supremo pone fin a 76 años de desigualdad e injusticia ilegales", dijo Eliad Shraga, presidente del Movimiento por un Gobierno de Calidad en Israel – el principal peticionario en el caso – en un comunicado. "No aceptaremos más la situación absurda en la que hay quienes dan a el estado, contribuyen y incluso arriesgan sus vidas, y hay quienes no hacen nada."

El partido de Netanyahu, Likud, dijo en un comunicado en respuesta a la sentencia que la legislación seguía siendo "la solución real al problema del reclutamiento", y "no una sentencia del Tribunal Supremo."

Aryeh Deri, líder del partido Shas, condenó la sentencia.

"Incluso aquí, en el estado judío, junto a nuestros queridos combatientes que se sacrifican contra los enemigos, seguiremos protegiendo a los que aprenden la Torá, que preserva nuestro poder especial y crea milagros en la batalla", dijo, según el sitio web de noticias Ynet. "Quien intentó desconectar al pueblo de Israel de la Torá en el pasado fracasó miserablemente."

Sin embargo, Moshe Roth, miembro de la Knesset del partido United Torah Judaism, minimizó la sentencia el martes. "No va a cambiar prácticamente nada", dijo Roth a itmsportbet. "Muchos lo ven como flexión de músculos."

Aunque las Fuerzas de Defensa de Israel (IDF) ahora están legalmente obligadas a reclutar a hombres ultraortodoxos, los líderes militares dicen que no están preparados para hacerlo en masa. Los hombres ultraortodoxos, que ya sirven en pequeños números en el ejército, tienen requisitos religiosos particulares y suelen servir en unidades especiales.

"Según los cálculos del ejército, se reclutaron 1.800 el año pasado", dijo Gilad Malach, director del programa Ultra-Orthodox in Israel en el Instituto de Democracia de Israel, después de la sentencia. "El ejército necesita hacer algún cambio para reclutarlos. Según el ejército, el próximo año el ejército puede recibir 4.800."

"Es la primera vez que el Tribunal Supremo dice que, inmediatamente, hay una legislación conectada con el reclutamiento de la sociedad ultraortodoxa, y es la ley de reclutamiento regular", agregó Malach. "Estamos en una situación políticamente muy, muy problemática para la coalición gobernante – para los Haredim, y para Netanyahu."

Aunque el Tribunal Supremo ha dictaminado ahora que el IDF debe reclutar a hombres ultraortodoxos, los líderes ultraortodoxos seguirán presionando por una legislación que les dé una exención legal.

"Estamos siendo prácticos cuando se trata de cualquiera de estos problemas, y dejar la coalición no cambia el hecho", dijo Roth.

La sentencia probablemente aumentará las tensiones dentro del gobierno de Netanyahu y entre sus líderes políticos y militares.

La guerra en Gaza ha generado una tensión significativa en las fuerzas militares de Israel y ha dado una urgencia a la cuestión de la reclutamiento que antes carecía después del ataque de Hamas del 7 de octubre. El ejército israelí ha convocado a grandes números de reservistas, pidiéndoles que presten turnos de servicio prolongados y retire a legiones de trabajadores de la economía israelí.

El ministro de Defensa Yoav Gallant ha criticado públicamente el intento de Netanyahu de exentar a los judíos ultraortodoxos. Y el jefe del Estado Mayor Herzl Halevi ha sido vocal sobre la necesidad de reclutar a hombres ultraortodoxos.

"Cada batallón que establecemos, un batallón ultraortodoxo, reduce la necesidad de la implementación de miles de reservistas gracias al servicio militar obligatorio de las personas",

dijo anteriormente este mes. "Queremos expandir la base tanto como sea posible – de los que vienen a inscribirse, les digo que hay una oportunidad de cambio en la comunidad ultraortodoxa." Esta no es la primera vez que el Tribunal Supremo anula la exención Haredi. En 1998, el tribunal le dijo al gobierno que permitir que los Haredim se exoneren del reclutamiento violaba los principios de igualdad de protección. En las décadas desde entonces, los gobiernos y los Knessets sucesivos han tratado de resolver el problema, solo para ser informados una y otra vez por el tribunal de que sus esfuerzos eran ilegales.

En una encuesta de febrero realizada por el Instituto de Democracia de Israel, el 64% de los encuestados israelíes y el 70% de los encuestados judíos israelíes dijeron que la exención Haredi "debería cambiarse". Los encuestadores hablaron con adultos israelíes – 600 en hebreo y 150 en árabe.

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